St Martin De Porres Writing Workshop

14th November 2018

Structure of the evening

- 4pm
- Stages of writing presentation (any questions about each phase can then be answered by individual year groups).
- 4:15-4:30
- lst session (KS1 and KS2)
- 4:35-4:50
- 2nd session (KS1 and KS2)

The purpose of this workshop

- To gain an understanding of how children's writing develops.
- To understand how we teach writing here at St Martin's.
- To know how we teach some technical aspects of writing.
- To give you some practical ideas about how you can support your children at home with their writing.

The success of children's ability to write is based on:

- Reading. The most confident writers in any class are always the most frequent readers.
- If you want to be a writer then read, read, read.
- A rich talking environment.
- Experience of many stories that have been read to them.
- Being able to join in with stories and adding their own ideas.
- Practising and developing their own story language- 'talking like a book'.

Stages of writing

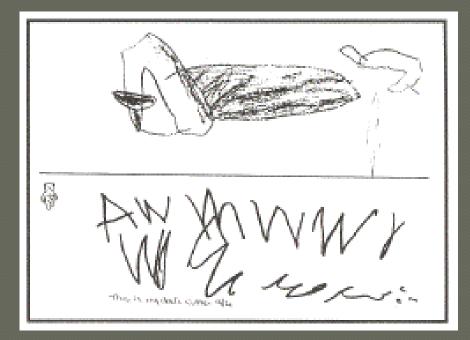
- Usually children at the age group of 0-3 begin scribbling.
- This looks like a random assortment of marks on a child's paper; however, they are significant because the young writer uses them to show ideas and by 18 months can begin to talk about them.

Letter-like symbols

 Letter-like forms emerge, sometimes randomly placed.

• The children can talk about their own 'writing.' In this stage, spacing is rarely

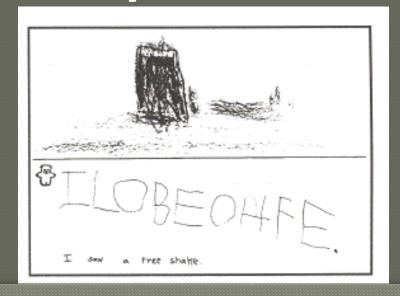
present.



String of letters

- Children write some legible letters that tell us they know more about writing.

 They will often use letters from their names.
- Children are developing an awareness of the sound-to-symbol relationship.



Beginning sounds emerge

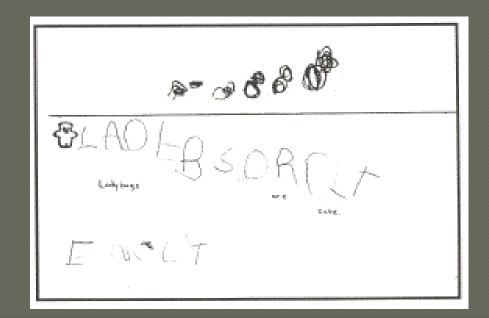
 At this stage, students begin to see the differences between a letter and a word, but they may not use spacing between words. Their message makes sense and matches the picture, especially when

they choose the topic.



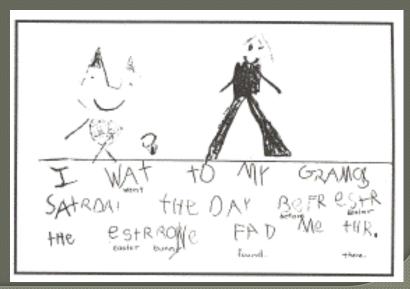
Consonants represent words

Students begin to leave spaces between their words and may often mix upperand lowercase letters in their writing. They begin using punctuation and usually write sentences that tell ideas.



Initial, middle and final sounds

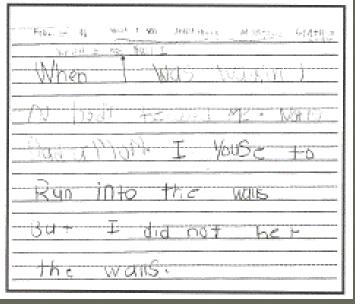
• Students in this phase may spell correctly some sight words, siblings' names, and environmental print, but other words are spelled the way they sound. Children easily hear sounds in words, and their writing is very readable.



Transitional Phases

 This writing is readable and approaches conventional spelling. The students' writing is interspersed with words that are in standard form and have standard

letter patterns.



Standard spelling

Students in this phase can spell most words correctly and are developing an understanding of root words, compound words, and contractions. This understanding helps students spell similar words.

> movie is time crued for the category to move that be cause are furrow and more movies time roctors forwarites: Rigan Googsly Adam Samber, learned Dickepio, Jennifer Aniston Angelina John And bent Pitt. actors of my favorites move

• Writing is a process that flows gradually. As you give your children time to explore and experiment with writing, you will begin to see evidence of growth. Since writing is a process and stages are connected, your child may show evidence of more than one stage in a single piece of writing.

Useful websites and resources

• Within the parent section on the school website, you will find a list of useful websites and resources to help you to support writing at home.